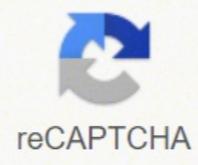




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Which sector contributes more in gdp

Chart S1-2 shows the contribution of each sector to the annual nominal growth rate of euro area gross value added (GVA) at basic prices (which is equal to GDP at market prices minus taxes plus subsidies on products). The gross value added of non-financial corporations delivers not only the largest contribution to GDP growth, but is also quite volatile. The contribution of value added generated in the household sector fluctuates less, partly because of the stabilising influence of the imputed rent on owner-occupied dwellings. The contributions of the financial corporations and government sectors are rather small. Chart S1-3 shows the contributions of sectors to the growth of nominal net disposable income. Households and government are the main contributors due to their shares in total income (see chart S1-1). In the case of government, the contribution is generally lower when GDP grows more slowly, reflecting lower tax receipts and higher net social security payments (especially unemployment benefits). Chart S1-4 presents the decomposition of euro area GDP growth rates by expenditure components. If domestic demand is met by imports, this indicates lower domestic production and thus a lower GDP. In turn, if exports decline, this provides a positive contribution to GDP growth. Symmetrically, a rise in exports increases GDP whereas a fall lowers GDP growth. Consumption on the other hand provides a major contribution to GDP growth, whereas the contribution of investment (fixed capital formation), changes in inventories and net exports fluctuates over the business cycle. Chart S1-5 shows the contributions of sectors to the growth of euro area capital formation. Contributions of sectors to the nominal growth rate of euro area capital formation are plotted on Chart S1-6. Gross capital formation includes mainly investments made in fixed assets (buildings, machinery) but also changes in inventories. The overall growth of gross capital formation is mainly driven by developments in the non-financial corporation sector and, to a lesser extent, by households (dwellings). Chart S1-7 shows the euro area saving-investment balance, specified by sector. The net capital formation⁽¹⁾ of an economy is financed by the net saving of resident sectors and the rest of the world. In this chart, the current external balance is shown from the viewpoint of the rest of the world, i.e. a positive contribution means that the rest of the world has a surplus on its current account with the euro area and is thus financing the latter's economy. Conversely, the euro area then has a deficit on its current account with the rest of the world. In general, the government sector contributes positively when GDP grows faster which increases tax receipts and reduces net social security payments, both effects leading to higher saving. The result of the different developments of investment and saving by sector can also be seen in Chart S1-8 (euro area) and Chart S1-9 (EU). The difference between savings plus net capital transfers on the one hand and gross capital formation⁽²⁾ on the other hand is net lending (if positive) or net borrowing (if negative) of a sector. These charts show whether the euro area / the EU economy is a net lender (line above zero) to the rest of the world or a net borrower (line below zero) and how each sector contributes to this position. Whereas the charts described above concern flows recorded during a period of four quarters, Chart S1-10 illustrates the contribution of each sector to the accumulated net financial wealth of the euro area economy. The euro area has a negative net financial wealth which means that the amount of financial assets issued by euro area units and held by non-financial residents is higher than financial assets held by euro area residents abroad. Household financial wealth contributes positively to the total whereas non-financial corporations and government contribute negatively. (1) Plus "acquisitions less disposals of non-produced non-financial assets". (2) Plus "acquisition less disposal of non-produced non-financial assets". Basic Account Get to know the platformSingle AccountThe ideal entry-level account for individual users\$9 339 / Month * in the first 12 month Corporate Account Full access * Prices do not include sales tax. Learn more about how Statista can support your business {point.key}."pointFormat":* {series.name}" ("point.y")", "footerFormat":""}, "plotOptions":{("series":{("cursor":"pointer", "lineWidth":4, "borderWidth":0, "groupPadding":0.07, "pointPadding":0.05, "marker":{("symbol":"circle", "radius":4, "fillColor":null, "lineColor":null)}, "shadow":false, "stacking":null, "dataLabels":{("shadow":false, "style":{("textShadow":null, "color": "#4f4f4f")}, "enabled":true, "zIndex":3, "rotation":0}), "pie":{("allowPointSelect":true, "minSize":280, "dataLabels":{("enabled":true, "useHTML":true, "overflow": "justify", "crop":true, "connectorPadding":20, "padding":5, "distance":20, "style":{("fontWeight": "normal", "fontSize": "12px")}, "format": "* {point.name} {point.y..f}"}}, "line":{("dataLabels":{("y":8, "x":24, "format": "(y, f)", "useHTML":false)}, "bar":{("dataLabels":{("crop":false)}}, "area":{("dataLabels":{("y":8, "x":24, "format": "(y, f)", "useHTML":false)})}}}, "area":{("stacking": "normal", "lineColor": "#666666", "lineWidth":1, "marker":{("lineWidth":1, "lineColor": "#666666")}, "annotations":[], "labelUnit": ""}, "colors": [{"#2876dd", "#0283e", "#bababa", "#af60b0", "#87bc24", "#5d2b76", "#c271da", "#76a5e3", "#099676", "#919191", "#c85a79", "#468d02", "#c8640c", "#927e87", "#aaa9d6"}], "series": [{"name": "Agriculture", "data": [{"y": 3.87}, {"y": 3.99}, {"y": 4.02}, {"y": 4.12}, {"y": 4.21}, {"y": 4.15}, {"y": 4.35}], "index": 3, "legendIndex": 0}, {"name": "Industry", "data": [{"y": 27.51}, {"y": 28.09}, {"y": 28.03}, {"y": 27.73}, {"y": 26.81}, {"y": 26.24}, {"y": 26.67}, {"y": 27.11}, {"y": 26.6}, {"y": 26.1}], "index": 2, "legendIndex": 1}, {"name": "Services", "data": [{"y": 61.72}, {"y": 61.95}, {"y": 62.15}, {"y": 62.27}, {"y": 62.54}, {"y": 64.29}, {"y": 64.95}, {"y": 64.49}, {"y": 64.26}, {"y": 64.79}], "index": 1, "legendIndex": 2}], "navigation": { "buttonOptions": { "enabled": false } }, "exporting": { "url": "https://highcharts.statista.com", "allowHTML": true, "filename": "statistic_id256563_share-of-economic-sectors-in-the-global-gross-domestic-product-from-2010-to-2020" } }>World Bank, (February 15, 2022). Share of economic sectors in the global gross domestic product (GDP) from 2010 to 2020. Statista, Accessed April 25, 2022, Bank. (2022). Share of economic sectors in the global gross domestic product (GDP) from 2010 to 2020 Statista, (last visited April 25, 2022) The services sector is the largest sector of India. Gross Value Added (GVA) at current prices for the services sector is estimated at 96.54 lakh crore INR in 2020-21. The services sector accounts for 53.89% of total India's GVA of 179.15 lakh crore Indian rupees. With GVA of Rs. 46.44 lakh crore, the Industry sector contributes 25.92%. While Agriculture and allied sector share 20.19%. At 2011-12 prices, the Agriculture & allied, Industry, and Services sector's composition is 16.38%, 29.34%, and 54.27% respectively. Share of primary (comprising agriculture, forestry, fishing and mining & quarrying), secondary (comprising manufacturing, electricity, gas, water supply & other utility services, and construction), and tertiary (services) sectors have been estimated as 21.82 percent, 24.29 percent, and 53.89 percent. At previous methodology, the composition of Agriculture & allied, Industry, and Services sector was 51.81%, 14.16%, and 33.25%, respectively at current prices in 1950-51. Share of Agriculture & allied sector has declined at 18.20% in 2013-14. Share of Services sector has improved to 57.03%. Share of Industry sector has also increased to 24.77%. According to CIA Factbook, sector-wise Indian GDP composition in 2017 is as follows: Agriculture (15.4%), Industry (23%), and Services (61.5%). With the production of agriculture activity of \$375.61 billion, India is 2nd largest producer of agriculture products. India accounts for 7.39 percent of total global agricultural output. India is way behind China, which has \$991 bn GDP in the agriculture sector. GDP of the Industry sector is \$560.97 billion, and world rank is 6. India's world rank is eight in the Services sector, and its GDP is \$1500 billion. The Agriculture sector's contribution to the Indian economy is much higher than the world's average (6.4%). The industry and services sector's contribution is lower than the world's average 30% for the Industry sector and 63% for the Services sector.

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